

## PDF technical sheet 4T368A/362



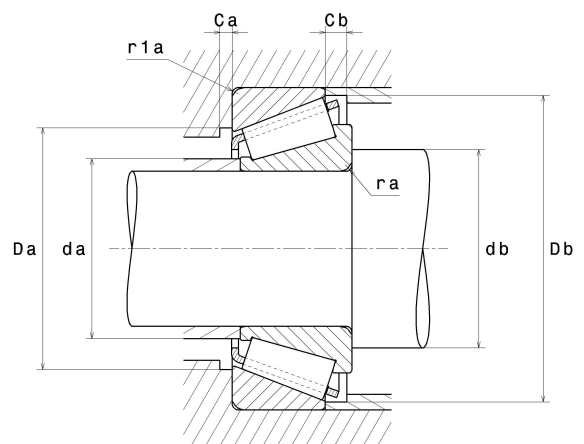
### Single row tapered roller bearings

Tapered roller bearing, pressed steel cage

| Product definition |          |
|--------------------|----------|
| d                  | 2.0000 " |
| D                  | 3.5433 " |
| B                  | 0.8750 " |
| C                  | 0.6250 " |
| T                  | 0.7874 " |
| d1                 | 2.6378 " |
| a                  | 0.6299 " |
| e                  | 0.32     |
| Y2                 | 1.88     |
| Y0                 | 1.03     |
| Mass               | 1.85 oz  |
| Brand              | NTN      |



| Product performance                           |           |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Dynamic load, C                               | 76.50 kN  |
| Rating life coefficient, A2                   | 1.4       |
| Static load, C0                               | 90.50 kN  |
| Fatigue limit load, Cu                        | 11 kN     |
| Nlim (oil)                                    | 5,500 RPM |
| Nlim (grease)                                 | 4,100 RPM |
| Min operating temperature, Tmin               | -40 °C    |
| Max operating temperature, Tmax               | 248 °C    |
| Characteristic cage frequency, FTF            | 0.43 Hz   |
| Characteristic rolling element frequency, BSF | 6.50 Hz   |
| Characteristic outer ring frequency, BPF0     | 7.68 Hz   |
| Characteristic inner ring frequency, BPFI     | 10.32 Hz  |



| Abutment dimensions |          |
|---------------------|----------|
| ra max              | 0.1378 " |
| r1a max             | 0.0787 " |

## Calculation factors

### Equivalent dynamic radial load

$$P = X.F_r + Y.F_a$$

| $F_a / F_r \leq e$ |   | $F_a / F_r > e$ |    |
|--------------------|---|-----------------|----|
| X                  | Y | X               | Y  |
| 1                  | 0 | 0.4             | Y2 |

### Equivalent static radial load

$$P_0 = X_0.F_r + Y_0.F_a$$

| $X_0$ | $Y_0$ |
|-------|-------|
| 0.5   | Y0    |

If  $P_0 < F_r$ , then use  $P_0 = F_r$

The values for e, Y2 and Y0 are shown in the above table